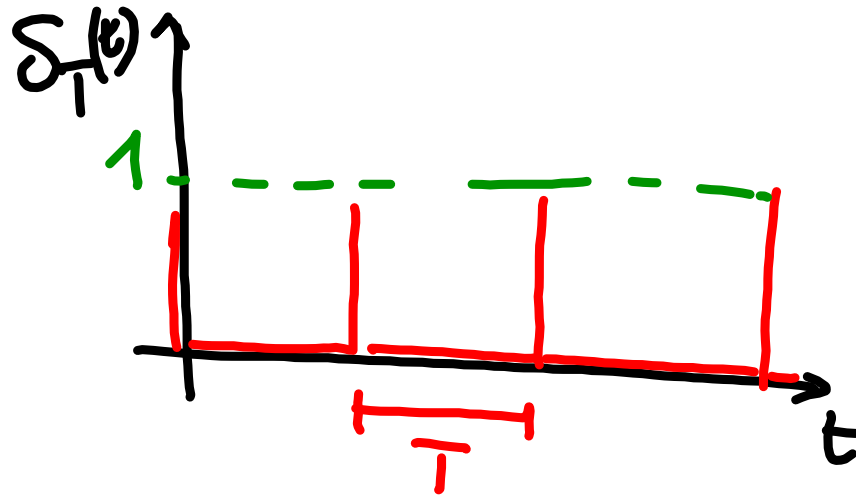


Ogni funzione periodica di periodo T , è sviluppabile in serie di Fourier

$$\omega_s = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$f_T(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_n e^{jn\omega_s t}$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f_T(t) e^{-jn\omega_s t} dt$$

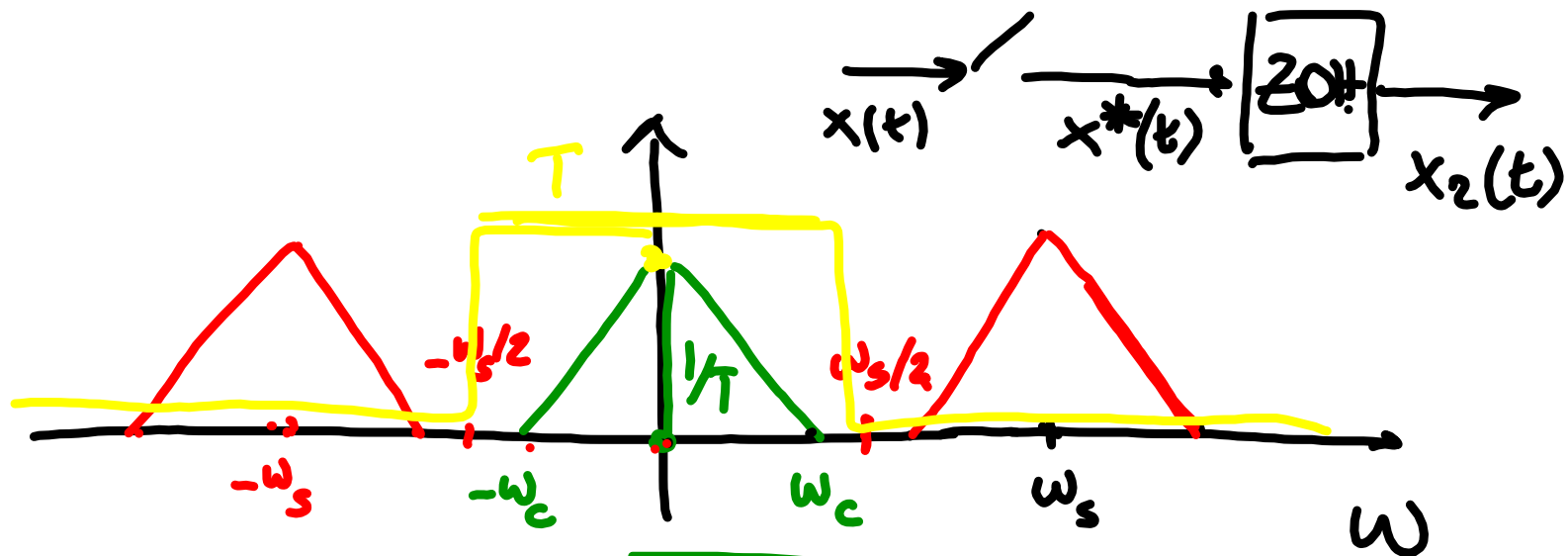


$$\mathcal{L}[x^*(t)] = \mathcal{L}\left[\frac{1}{T} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) e^{jn\omega_s t}\right]$$

$$X^*(s) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} X(s - jn\omega_s)$$

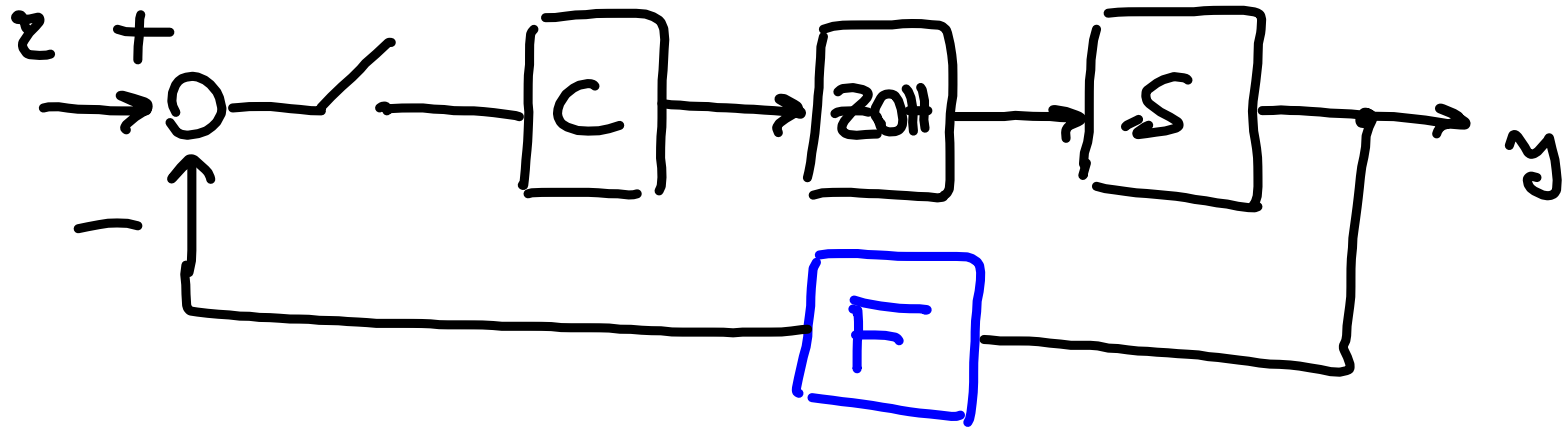
$$\omega_s = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

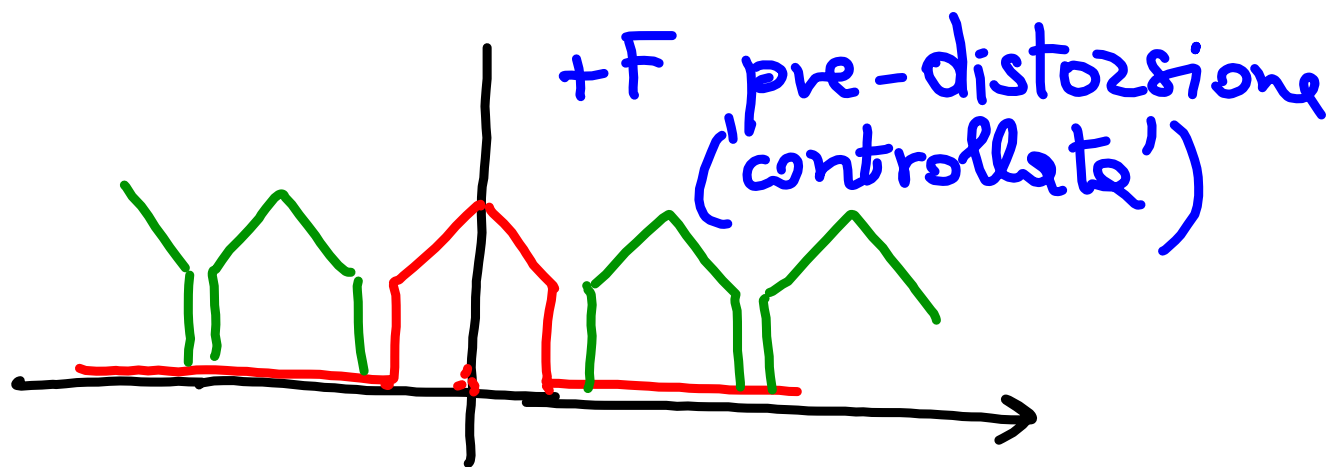
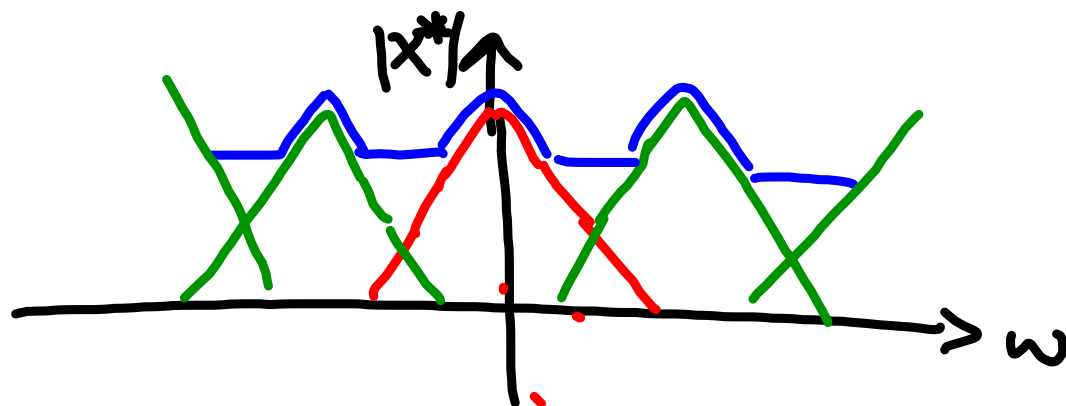
$$X(s) \Big|_{s=j\omega} = X(j\omega)$$



$$\omega_s/2 > \omega_c$$

$$\omega_s > 2\omega_c$$





$$H_0(s) \Big|_{s=j\omega} = H_0(j\omega)$$

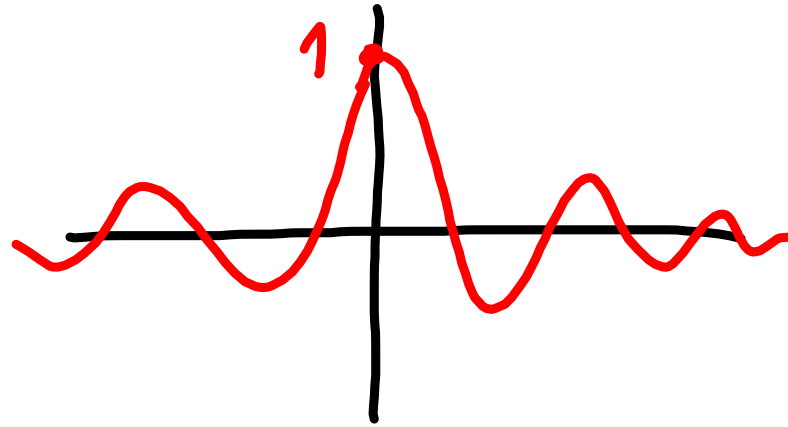
$$1 = \frac{e^{-j\omega T/2}}{e^{-j\omega T/2}} = e^{-j\omega T/2} \cdot e^{j\omega T/2}$$

$$e^{j\theta} = \cos \theta + j \sin \theta$$

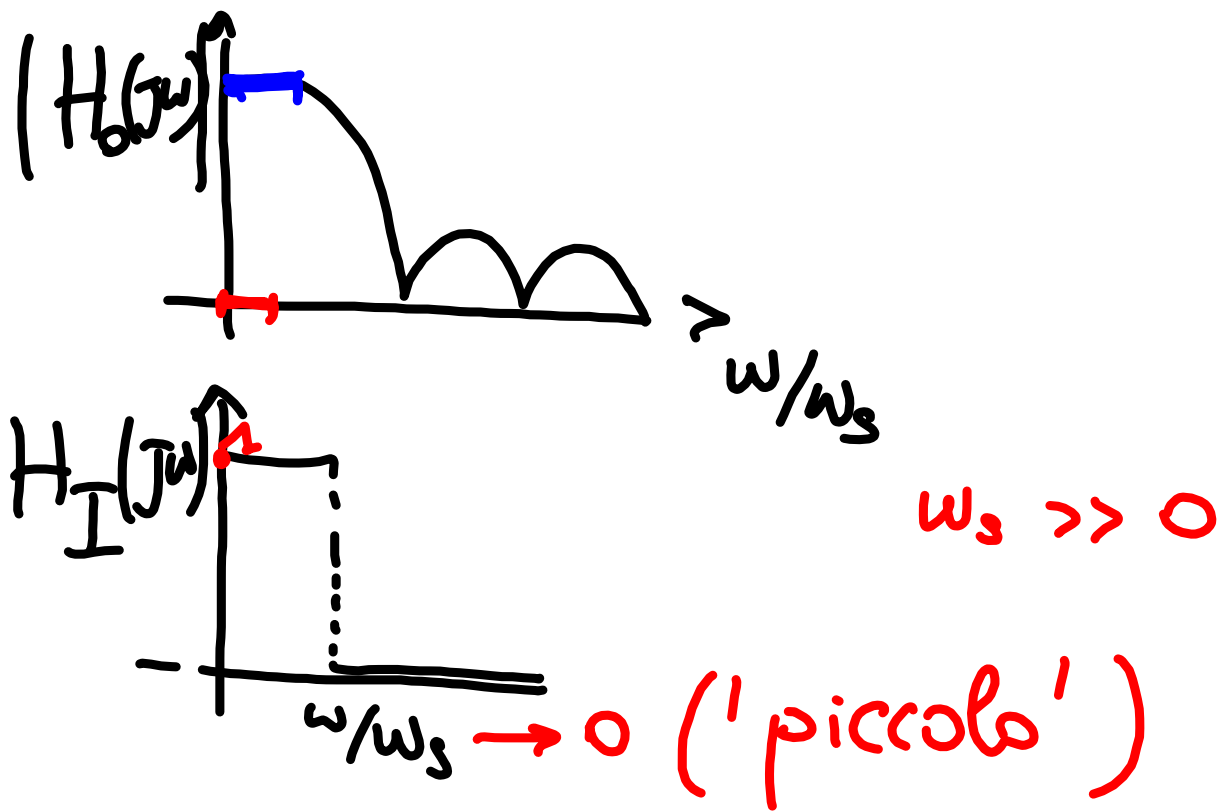
$$- e^{-j\theta} = -\cos \theta + j \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta}}{2j}$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{x} = \text{sinc } x$$



$$|e^{-j\omega T/2}| = 1$$



$$H_0(j\omega) \approx T \cdot e^{-j\omega T/2}$$

(ω/ω_s piccolo)

zittando di $T/2$